

EXHIBIT 17-A

MPWMD State Legislative Track

As of September 17, 2020

Measure	Author	Topic	Status	Brief Summary	Position
<u>AB 1839</u>	<u>Bonta D</u>	Economic, environmental, and social recovery: California COVID-19 Recovery Deal.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 4/24/2020)	Would enact the California COVID-19 Recovery Deal. The bill would make a series of legislative findings and declarations pertaining to the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic and various economic, environmental, and social conditions in the state. The bill would state the intent of the Legislature that the state adopt a policy framework with principles and goals committed to accomplish specified economic, environmental, and social objectives and priorities as part of the state's COVID-19 recovery spending. The bill would state that the Legislature establishes various spending rules for the COVID-19 recovery, including adopting spending measures that prohibit businesses, organizations, or agencies from accepting public funds for any long-term projects that prolong the emission of greenhouses gases or lead to the expansion of fossil fuel projects and ensuring that recovery spending includes specific measures for California populations and communities most negatively impacted by COVID-19.	
<u>AB 1857</u>	<u>Chen R</u>	Emergency services: contracts.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was G.O. on 5/7/2020)	The California Emergency Services Act includes various provisions intended to mitigate the effects of emergencies and to generally protect the health and safety and preserve the lives and property of the people of the state. Among other things, the act authorizes the Governor to expend any appropriation for support of the act to carry out its provisions. This bill would require the Governor to submit a copy of any contract executed with moneys authorized for expenditure, as described above, to the Joint Legislative Budget Committee and members of the Senate Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review and the Assembly Committee on Budget within 72 hours of the contract becoming final.	
<u>AB 1936</u>	<u>Rodriguez D</u>	Price gouging: public safety power shutoffs.	6/5/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(8). (Last location was A. APPR. on 3/12/2020)	Under current law, upon the proclamation of a state of emergency, as defined, by the President of the United States or the Governor, or upon the declaration of a local emergency, as defined, by the executive officer of any county, city, or city and county, and for 30 days following the proclamation or declaration of emergency, it is a misdemeanor with specified penalties for a person, contractor, business, or other entity to sell or offer to sell certain goods and services for a price that exceeds by 10% the price charged by that person immediately prior to the proclamation or declaration of emergency, except as specified. This bill would specify that, for a proclamation or declaration of emergency made because of a public safety power shutoff or because of an announcement that a public safety power shutoff will occur, the restrictions on increased pricing apply, only as specified, for a period lasting until 72 hours after the restoration of power.	
<u>AB 1958</u>	<u>Cooper D</u>	State Plan of Flood Control: facilities.	8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. N.R. & W. on 6/23/2020)	Would prohibit a person from concealing, defacing, destroying, modifying, cutting, altering, or physically or visually obstructing any levee along a river or bypass at any of those specified places, any levee forming part of any flood control plan, or any other facility of the State Plan of Flood Control, including, but not limited to, any and all associated rights of way, without permission of the board. By expanding the behavior that would be punishable as a misdemeanor, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.	Support **Bill amended to only apply to the

					Sacramento -San Joaquin
AB 2060	Holden D	Drinking water: pipes and fittings: lead content.	8/21/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(15). (Last location was S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/20/2020)	Would, commencing January 1, 2024, additionally define “lead free,” for purposes of conveying or dispensing water for human consumption, to mean does not leach more than one microgram of lead under certain tests and meeting a specified certification when used with respect to certain endpoint devices, as defined. The bill would, notwithstanding that commencement date, impose a progressively increasing minimum percentage for a manufacturer that sells or offers for sale in the state products subject to that definition of “lead free” to comply with that definition, commencing January 1, 2021, with 100% compliance on January 1, 2024, as compared to the total number of those product models sold or offered for sale in the state by that manufacturer on July 1, 2019.	
AB 2093	Gloria D	Public records: writing transmitted by electronic mail: retention.	6/5/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(8). (Last location was A. APPR. on 3/10/2020)	Would, unless a longer retention period is required by statute or regulation, or established by the Secretary of State pursuant to the State Records Management Act, require a public agency, for purposes of the California Public Records Act, to retain and preserve for at least 2 years every public record, as defined, that is transmitted by electronic mail.	
AB 2095	Cooper D	Public water systems: reduction of water charges: customers impacted by COVID-19.	6/5/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(6). (Last location was A. L. GOV. on 2/20/2020)	Would authorize a public water system to reduce the water charges imposed on a customer impacted by COVID-19 during the duration of the impact provided that the reduction does not increase the water charges imposed on another ratepayer.	
AB 2138	Chau D	California Public Records Act.	6/5/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(6). (Last location was A. JUD. on 2/20/2020)	The California Public Records Act requires state and local agencies to make their records available for public inspection, unless an exemption from disclosure applies. This bill would recodify and reorganize the provisions of the act. The bill would include provisions to govern the effect of recodification and state that the bill is intended to be entirely nonsubstantive in effect. The bill would contain related legislative findings and declarations. The bill would become operative on January 1, 2022.	
AB 2182	Rubio, Blanca D	Emergency backup generators: water and wastewater facilities: exemption.	6/5/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(6). (Last location was A. U. & E. on 3/2/2020)	Would exempt the operation of an alternative power source, as defined, to provide power to a critical facility, as defined, from any local, regional, or state regulation regarding the operation of that source. The bill would authorize providers of essential public services, in lieu of compliance with applicable legal requirements, to comply with the maintenance and testing procedure set forth in the National Fire Protection Association Standard for Emergency and Standby Power System, NFPA 110, for alternative power sources designated by the providers for the support of critical facilities.	
AB 2231	Kalra D	Public works.	8/31/2020-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 5 p.m.	Current law requires that, except as specified, not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages, determined by the Director of Industrial Relations, be paid to workers employed on public works projects. Current law defines “public works” to include, among other things, construction, alteration, demolition, installation, or repair work done under contract and paid for, in whole or in part, out of public funds, but exempts from that definition, among other projects, an otherwise private development project if the state or political subdivision provides, directly or indirectly, a public subsidy to the private	

				development project that is de minimis in the context of the project. This bill would generally provide that a public subsidy is de minimis if it is both less than \$600,000 and less than 2% of the total project cost. The bill would specifically provide that a public subsidy for a residential project that consists entirely of single-family dwellings is de minimis if it is less than 2% of the total project cost.	
AB 2333	Quirk D	Waste: releases: remedial action: local oversight.	8/18/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was S. E.Q. on 6/23/2020)	Whenever a release of waste occurs and remedial action is required, current law authorizes a responsible party for the release to request that a local officer supervise the remedial action. Current law requires a local officer to provide written notification, that includes specified information, to the Department of Toxic Substances Control and the appropriate regional water quality control board at least 10 working days before entering into a remedial action agreement with a responsible party. Current law authorizes a local officer to provide a responsible party with a letter or other document that describes the release of waste that occurred and the remedial action taken and certifies that the cleanup goals embodied in the remedial action agreement were accomplished. This bill would authorize a responsible party to request the local officer to oversee the remedial action only if the release is not being overseen by the department or a regional water quality control board.	
AB 2364	Rubio, Blanca D	Municipal separate storm sewer systems: financial capability analysis.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was E.S. & T.M. on 2/24/2020)	Would require the State Water Resources Control Board, by July 1, 2021, to establish financial capability assessment guidelines for municipal separate storm sewer system permittees that are adequate and consistent when considering the costs to local jurisdictions. The bill would require the state board and the regional boards to continue using available regulatory tools and other approaches to foster collaboration with permittees to implement permit requirements in light of the costs of implementation.	
AB 2438	Chau D	California Public Records Act: conforming revisions.	6/5/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(6). (Last location was A. JUD. on 2/19/2020)	The California Public Records Act requires state and local agencies to make their records available for public inspection, unless an exemption from disclosure applies. This bill would enact various conforming and technical changes related to another bill that recodifies and reorganizes the California Public Records Act. The bill would only become operative if the related bill recodifying the act is enacted and becomes operative on January 1, 2022.	
AB 2482	Stone, Mark D	Agriculture: environmental farming programs and grants.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was AGRI. on 2/27/2020)	Would require the Department of Food and Agriculture, upon appropriation by the Legislature of additional funds, to administer the State Water Efficiency and Enhancement Program (grant program) to provide grants to agricultural operations to implement irrigation systems that reduce greenhouse gases and energy use and increase water use efficiency, as prescribed. The bill would also require the department to fund culturally competent training on irrigation and nutrient management, authorize the department to contract with qualified third parties to measure grant program outcomes, and require the department to adopt guidelines for the grant program.	
AB 2488	Gonzalez D	Drinking water: Lead-Safe Schools Protection Act.	6/5/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(6). (Last location was A. PRINT on 2/19/2020)	The Lead-Safe Schools Protection Act requires the State Department of Public Health to perform various activities related to reducing the risk of exposure to lead hazards in public schools, as defined, including, among other activities, conducting a sample survey to determine the likely extent and distribution of lead exposure to children from paint on the school, soil in play areas at the school, drinking water at the tap, and other potential sources identified by the State Department of Public Health for this purpose, as provided. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to those provisions.	
AB 2502	Quirk D	Groundwater sustainability plans:	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant	The Sustainable Groundwater Management Act requires all groundwater basins designated as high- or medium-priority basins by the Department of Water Resources that are designated as basins subject to	

		impacts on managed wetlands.	to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was W.,P. & W. on 2/27/2020)	critical conditions of overdraft to be managed under a groundwater sustainability plan or coordinated groundwater sustainability plans by January 31, 2020. The act prescribes that plans contain certain required contents and requires that plans contain, where appropriate and in collaboration with the appropriate local agencies, additional analyses or components, including, among others, control of saline water intrusion, wellhead protection areas and recharge areas, a well abandonment and well destruction program, well construction policies, and impacts on groundwater dependent ecosystems. This bill would add impacts to managed wetlands, as specified, to the additional analyses or components that a plan is required to contain when appropriate.	
<u>AB 2519</u>	<u>Wood D</u>	Conservation projects: grants: advance payments.	8/18/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was S. N.R. & W. on 7/1/2020)	Current law requires the Natural Resources Agency, the State Coastal Conservancy, the Department of Water Resources, and the State Water Resources Control Board to administer various grant programs relating to natural resources. This bill, until January 1, 2025, would require, to the extent not in conflict with any other law, the Natural Resources Agency, the conservancy, the department, and the board, when awarding grants for conservation projects, as defined, to provide an advance payment of up to 25% of the total grant award if requested by a grant recipient, as provided. The bill would require, on or before January 15 of each year, the granting entities specified above to provide a report to the Legislature, as part of the annual budget process, on the outcome of the use of the advance payments.	
<u>AB 2560</u>	<u>Quirk D</u>	Water quality: notification levels and response levels: procedures.	9/11/2020-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 3 p.m.	The California Safe Drinking Water Act requires the State Water Resources Control Board to adopt drinking water standards for contaminants in drinking water based upon specified criteria and requires any person who owns a public water system to ensure that the system, among other things, complies with those drinking water standards. This bill would require the state board to comply with specified public notice and comment procedures when establishing or revising a notification level or response level, except as specified for a contaminant that the Division of Drinking Water of the state board finds presents the potential for imminent harm to public health and safety.	Support **Letters drafted and sent to Committees and Governor **Testified in Support
<u>AB 2619</u>	<u>Stone, Mark D</u>	Coastal resources: Program for Coastal Resilience, Adaptation, and Access.	6/5/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(8). (Last location was A. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 6/2/2020)	Would establish the Program for Coastal Resilience, Adaptation, and Access for the purpose of funding specified activities intended to help the state prepare, plan, and implement actions to address and adapt to sea level rise and coastal climate change. The bill would create the Coastal Resilience, Adaptation, and Access Fund in the State Treasury, and would authorize the California Coastal Commission and specified state agencies to expend moneys in the fund, upon appropriation in the annual Budget Act, to take actions, based upon the best scientific information, that are designed to address and adapt to sea level rise and coastal climate change, as prescribed.	
<u>AB 2653</u>	<u>Kalra D</u>	Smart climate agriculture.	6/5/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(6). (Last location was A. PRINT on 2/20/2020)	Current law requires the Department of Food and Agriculture to promote and protect the agricultural industry of the state. Current law, the Cannella Environmental Farming Act of 1995, requires the department to establish and oversee an environmental farming program to provide incentives to farmers whose practices promote the well-being of ecosystems, air quality, and wildlife and their habitat. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact subsequent legislation that would encourage smart climate agriculture.	
<u>AB 2659</u>	<u>Chen R</u>	Public agencies: information	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant	The Information Practices Act of 1977 prescribes a set of requirements, prohibitions, and remedies applicable to public agencies, as defined, with regard to their collection, storage, and disclosure of	

		practices.	to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was P. & C.P. on 3/12/2020)	personal information. The act specifically requires an agency to establish rules of conduct for persons involved in the design, development, operation, disclosure, or maintenance of records containing personal information and to instruct these people with respect to the rules and the requirements of the act. This bill would require that the above-described rules of conduct include security awareness and training policies and procedures.	
<u>AB 2676</u>	<u>Quirk D</u>	California Public Records Act: exemptions.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was JUD. on 3/2/2020)	Current law exempts from disclosure critical infrastructure information, as defined, that is voluntarily submitted to the Office of Emergency Services for use by that office, including the identity of the person who or entity that voluntarily submitted the information. Current law defines “voluntarily submitted” for that purpose. This bill would remove the restriction that the submission be voluntary, thereby expanding that exemption.	
<u>AB 2706</u>	<u>Fong R</u>	California Environmental Quality Act: record of proceedings.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 3/12/2020)	In an action or proceeding alleging the lead agency violated CEQA, CEQA requires the lead agency to prepare and certify the record of proceedings and requires the parties to pay any reasonable costs or fees imposed for the preparation of the record of proceedings, as specified. CEQA authorizes the plaintiff or petitioner to elect to prepare the record of proceedings or for the parties to agree to an alternative method of preparation of the record of proceedings, subject to certification of its accuracy by the public agency. This bill would make the above authorization for the plaintiff or petitioner to elect to prepare the record of proceedings or to agree to an alternative method of record preparation inapplicable in a proceeding challenging a project that will be exclusively located or implemented in a county with fewer than 1,000,000 residents and, if the project is located in a city within that county, the city has fewer than 500,000 residents.	
<u>AB 2748</u>	<u>Fong R</u>	Consumer credit reports: security freezes: protected consumers.	6/5/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(6). (Last location was A. P. & C.P. on 3/12/2020)	Current law requires a consumer credit reporting agency to place a security freeze for a protected consumer, defined as an individual who is under 16 years of age at the time a request for the placement of a security freeze is made, an incapacitated person or a protected individual for whom a guardian or conservator has been appointed, or a person under the jurisdiction of a county welfare department or county probation department who has been placed in a foster care setting and is under 16 years of age at the time a request for a security freeze is made, upon that consumer’s representative’s request and compliance with certain requirements. This bill instead would include in the definition of protected consumer an individual who is under the jurisdiction of a county probation department, has been placed in a foster care setting, and is under 19 years of age at the time of the request for placement of a security freeze is made.	
<u>AB 2767</u>	<u>Limón D</u>	Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council: water management.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was H. & C.D. on 3/12/2020)	Would require the Governor to appoint up to 20 members of the Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council, including a representative from the State Water Resources Control Board.	
<u>AB 2954</u>	<u>Rivas, Robert D</u>	California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006: climate goal:	8/21/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(15). (Last location was	The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 requires the State Air Resources Board to prepare and approve a scoping plan for achieving the maximum technologically feasible and cost-effective reductions in greenhouse gas emissions and to update the scoping plan at least once every 5 years. This bill would require the state board, when updating the scoping plan and in collaboration with This bill	Support **Letter drafted and

		natural and working lands.	S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/19/2020)	would require the state board, when updating the scoping plan and in collaboration with by January 1, 2023, an overall climate goal for the state's natural and working lands, as defined, to sequester carbon and reduce atmospheric greenhouse gas emissions and identify practices, policy incentives, and potential reductions in barriers that would help achieve the climate goal.	sent to author and Committee
<u>AB 2987</u>	<u>Flora R</u>	Local agency public contracts: bidding procedures.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was L. GOV. on 3/5/2020)	The Uniform Public Construction Cost Accounting Act authorizes a public agency to elect to become subject to uniform construction cost accounting procedures. The act authorizes bidding procedures for public projects, as specified. Those bidding procedures include procedures for the publication or posting and electronic transmission of notice inviting formal bids. This bill would authorize a public agency, as an alternative to the publication or posting requirement, to meet the notice inviting formal bids requirement by transmitting notice electronically, as specified, and publishing the notice electronically in a prescribed manner on the public agency's internet website at least 14 calendar days before the date of opening the bids.	
<u>AB 3005</u>	<u>Rivas, Robert D</u>	Leroy Anderson Dam and Reservoir: permitting, environmental review, and public contracting.	9/15/2020-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 3 p.m.	Would, if the Department of Fish and Wildlife determines that the Anderson Dam project, as defined, will substantially adversely affect existing fish and wildlife resources and the Santa Clara Valley Water District completes certain actions for the project, require the department within 180 days of receipt of a notification, as defined, from the district to issue a final agreement with the district that includes reasonable measures necessary to protect the affected resource, unless the department and the district agree to an extension.	Support **Letters drafted and sent to Committees and Governor **Testified in Support
<u>AB 3047</u>	<u>Flora R</u>	Water quality: groundwater: monitoring.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was E.S. & T.M. on 4/24/2020)	Current law requires the State Water Resources Control Board to identify and recommend to the Legislature funding options to extend, until January 1, 2024, a specified comprehensive groundwater quality monitoring program. This bill would instead require the department to identify and recommend to the Legislature funding options to extend that comprehensive groundwater quality monitoring program indefinitely.	
<u>AB 3123</u>	<u>Gonzalez D</u>	Employees: public health emergency.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was L. & E. on 4/24/2020)	Would prohibit an employer from discriminating or retaliating against an employee for complying with an isolation or quarantine order issued by a public health official due to a public health emergency.	
<u>AB 3256</u>	<u>Garcia, Eduardo D</u>	Economic Recovery, Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection	8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was A. RLS. on 6/3/2020)	Would enact the Economic Recovery, Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2020, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$6,980,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for an economic recovery, wildfire prevention, safe drinking water, drought preparation, and flood protection program.	

		Bond Act of 2020.			
<u>SB 797</u>	<u>Wilk R</u>	Water resources: permit to appropriate: application procedure.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was N.R. & W. on 1/15/2020)	Current law requires the State Water Resources Control Board to issue and deliver a notice of an application as soon as practicable after the receipt of an application for a permit to appropriate water that conforms to the law. Current law allows interested persons to file a written protest with regard to an application to appropriate water and requires the protestant to set forth the objections to the application. Current law declares that no hearing is necessary to issue a permit in connection with an unprotested application, or if the undisputed facts support the issuance of the permit and there is no disputed issue of material fact, unless the board elects to hold a hearing. This bill, if the board has not rendered a final determination on an application for a permit to appropriate water within 30 years from the date the application was filed, would require the board to issue a new notice and provide an opportunity for protests before rendering a final determination, with specified exceptions.	
<u>SB 931</u>	<u>Wieckowski D</u>	Local government meetings: agenda and documents.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was GOV. & F. on 2/12/2020)	The Ralph M. Brown Act requires meetings of the legislative body of a local agency to be open and public and also requires regular and special meetings of the legislative body to be held within the boundaries of the territory over which the local agency exercises jurisdiction, with specified exceptions. Current law authorizes a person to request that a copy of an agenda, or a copy of all the documents constituting the agenda packet, of any meeting of a legislative body be mailed to that person. This bill would require, if the local agency has an internet website, a legislative body or its designee to email a copy of, or website link to, the agenda or a copy of all the documents constituting the agenda packet if the person requests that the items be delivered by email. The bill would require, where the local agency determines it is technologically infeasible to send a copy of all documents constituting the agenda packet or a website link containing the documents by electronic mail or by other electronic means, the legislative body or its designee to send by electronic mail a copy of the agenda or a website link to the agenda and mail a copy of all other documents constituting the agenda packet in accordance with the mailing requirements.	
<u>SB 946</u>	<u>Pan D</u>	Flood control: Yolo Bypass Cache Slough Partnership Multibenefit Program.	6/26/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(11). (Last location was S. N.R. & W.)	Would establish the Yolo Bypass Cache Slough Partnership Multibenefit Program to support the development and implementation of projects within the Yolo Bypass and Cache Slough region. The bill would define "Yolo Bypass Cache Slough Partnership" to mean the multiagency partnership established pursuant to a memorandum of understanding signed in May 2016 by a total of 15 participating federal, state, and local agencies. The bill would require the participating state agencies, including the Natural Resources Agency, the Department of Water Resources, the Department of Fish and Wildlife, the Central Valley Flood Protection Board, the State Water Resources Control Board, and the Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board, to work in collaboration with the participating federal and local agencies to promote the discussion, prioritization, and resolution of policy and other issues critical to the successful implementation of projects to advance specified objectives in the Yolo Bypass and Cache Slough region.	
<u>SB 996</u>	<u>Portantino D</u>	State Water Resources Control Board: Constituents of Emerging Concern Program.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was E.Q. on 3/5/2020)	Would require the State Water Resources Control Board to establish, maintain, and direct an ongoing, dedicated program called the Constituents of Emerging Concern Program to assess the state of information and recommend areas for further study on constituents of emerging concern in drinking water that may pose risks to public health. The bill would require the state board to establish the Stakeholder Advisory Group and, by an unspecified date, the Science Advisory Panel, both as prescribed, to assist in the gathering and development of information for the program, among other functions. The bill would require the program to provide opportunities for public participation, including conducting	

				stakeholder meetings and workshops to solicit relevant information and feedback for development and implementation of the program.	
<u>SB 1028</u>	<u>Dodd D</u>	Agriculture: Cannella Environmental Farming Act of 1995: Environmental Farming Incentive Program.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was AGRI. on 5/12/2020)	Would require the Advisory Panel on Environmental Farming to assist government agencies to incorporate the conservation of natural resources and ecosystem services practices into agricultural programs. The bill would require the Department of Food and Agriculture, with advice from the panel, to establish and administer the California Environmental Farming Incentive Program, subject to an appropriation by the Legislature. The bill would require the program to support on-farm practices seeking to optimize environmental benefits while supporting the economic viability of California agriculture by providing incentives to farmers or ranchers who want to pursue adopting management practices that contribute to wildlife habitat and result in on-farm activities that provide multiple conservation benefits, as prescribed.	
<u>SB 1052</u>	<u>Hertzberg D</u>	Water quality: municipal wastewater agencies.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was GOV. & F. on 5/12/2020)	Would establish municipal wastewater agencies and would authorize a municipal wastewater agency, among other things, to enter into agreements with entities responsible for stormwater management for the purpose of managing stormwater and dry weather runoff, to acquire, construct, expand, operate, maintain, and provide facilities for specified purposes relating to managing stormwater and dry weather runoff, and to levy taxes, fees, and charges consistent with the municipal wastewater agency's existing authority in order to fund projects undertaken pursuant to the bill. The bill would require the exercise of any new authority granted under the bill to comply with the Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000.	
<u>SB 1056</u>	<u>Portantino D</u>	Drinking water: testing: perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was E.Q. on 2/27/2020)	Would require the State Water Resources Control Board, on or before January 1, 2022, to certify a methodology or methodologies for testing drinking water, groundwater, and surface water for perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances, as provided, and to accredit qualified laboratories in California to analyze perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances pursuant to the adopted methodology or methodologies.	
<u>SB 1067</u>	<u>Moorlach R</u>	Local agencies: refunding bonds: pension obligations.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was GOV. & F. on 2/27/2020)	The California Constitution prohibits a county, city, town, township, board of education, or school district from incurring a debt or liability in any manner or for any purpose exceeding in any year the income and revenue provided for the year, without approval by 2/3 of the voters of the public entity voting at an election to be held for that purpose, except for certain debts issued for public schools, as specified. Current case law has qualified this prohibition by creating certain exceptions that have been judicially deemed not to implicate it, including for revenue bonds and for obligations imposed by law. The California Constitution generally authorizes the Legislature to provide maximum property tax rates and bonding limits for local governments. Current law authorizes a local agency that intends to issue refunding bonds to do so without submitting the question of the issuance to a vote of the qualified electors of the local agency. This bill would require that refunding bonds to be used to refund pension obligation bonds with specified characteristics be approved by 55 percent of the voters of the local agency voting on the proposition that authorizes the indebtedness.	
<u>SB 1096</u>	<u>Caballero D</u>	Water and sewer system corporations: consolidation of	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was	Te California Safe Drinking Water Act provides for the operation of public water systems and imposes on the State Water Resources Control Board related regulatory responsibilities and duties. Current law authorizes the state board to order consolidation of public water systems where a public water system or state small water system serving a disadvantaged community consistently fails to provide an adequate	

		service.	E. U., & C. on 5/12/2020)	supply of safe drinking water, as provided. This bill, the Consolidation for Safe Drinking Water Act of 2020, would authorize a water or sewer system corporation to file an application and obtain approval from the commission through an order authorizing the water or sewer system corporation to consolidate with a public water system or state small water system.	
SB 1099	Dodd D	Emergency backup generators: critical facilities: exemptions.	8/14/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was A. NAT. RES. on 6/29/2020)	Current law imposes various limitations on emissions of air contaminants for the control of air pollution from vehicular and nonvehicular sources. Current law generally designates air pollution control and air quality management districts with the primary responsibility for the control of air pollution from all sources other than vehicular sources. Current law requires the State Air Resources Board to identify toxic air contaminants that are emitted into the ambient air of the state and to establish airborne toxic control measures to reduce emissions of toxic air contaminants from nonvehicular sources. This bill would require an air district without a specified rule on emergency backup generators, as defined, as of January 1, 2021, that adopts such a rule to include in the rule provisions that allow the operator of a critical facility, as defined, to use a permitted emergency backup generator in exceedance of the applicable runtime and testing and maintenance limits if specified conditions are met.	Support **Letter drafted and sent to author and Committee
SB 1100	Atkins D	Coastal resources: sea level rise.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was N.R. & W. on 5/12/2020)	The California Coastal Act of 1976 establishes the California Coastal Commission and provides for planning and regulation of development in the coastal zone, as defined. The act requires the commission, within 90 days after January 1, 1977, to adopt, after public hearing, procedures for the preparation, submission, approval, appeal, certification, and amendment of a local coastal program, including a common methodology for the preparation of, and the determination of the scope of, the local coastal programs, as provided. This bill would also include, as part of the procedures the commission is required to adopt, recommendations and guidelines for the identification, assessment, minimization, and mitigation of sea level rise within each local coastal program, as provided.	
SB 1101	Caballero D	Water and Climate Science Advisory Board.	8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. RLS. on 2/19/2020)	Would require the Department of Water Resources to convene a Water and Climate Science Advisory Board to consist of 5 members with certain qualifications appointed by the department, the agency, and the State Water Resources Control Board, as provided. The bill would require board members to serve 3-year terms. The bill would require the department to consult with the board when initiating, reviewing, or expanding policies or guidelines regarding impacts of climate change on water resources. The bill would require the department to establish an internal process for department review of and comment on the work of the board, which shall be made publicly available.	
SB 1173	Durazo D	Public employment: labor relations: employee information.	8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. INACTIVE FILE on 9/1/2020)	Current law, including the Meyers-Milias-Brown Act, the Ralph C. Dills Act, the Trial Court Employment Protection and Governance Act, the Trial Court Interpreter Employment and Labor Relations Act, and the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Transit Employer-Employee Relations Act, provisions commonly referred to as the Educational Employment Relations Act, and the Higher Education Employer-Employee Relations Act, among others, regulates the labor relations of the state, the courts, and specified local public agencies and their employees. Current law requires these public employers to provide certain labor representatives with the names and home addresses of newly hired employees, as well as their job titles, departments, work locations, telephone numbers, and personal email addresses, within 30 days of hire or by the first pay period of the month following hire. Current law also requires the public employers to provide this information for all employees in a bargaining unit at least every 120 days, except as specified. This bill, beginning on July 1, 2021, would generally authorize an exclusive representative to file a charge of an unfair labor practice with the Public Employment Relations Board, as specified, alleging a violation of the above-described requirements.	

SB 1188	Stern D	The California Water Plan.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was N.R. & W. on 3/5/2020)	Current law requires the Department of Water Resources to update every 5 years the plan for the orderly and coordinated control, protection, conservation, development, and use of the water resources of the state, which is known as The California Water Plan. Current law requires the department to include a discussion of various strategies in the plan update, including, but not limited to, strategies relating to the development of new water storage facilities, water conservation, water recycling, desalination, conjunctive use, water transfers, and alternative pricing policies that may be pursued in order to meet the future needs of the state. This bill would require the department to include in the plan update, instead of a discussion of various strategies, a discussion of various strategies for increasing regional water resilience, as defined.
SB 1208	Monning D	Wildlife: dudleya: taking and possession.	8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. RLS. on 2/20/2020)	The California Endangered Species Act requires the Fish and Game Commission to establish a list of endangered species and a list of threatened species and to add or remove species from either list if it finds, upon the receipt of sufficient scientific information, as specified, and based solely upon the best available scientific information, that the action is warranted. The commission has listed certain species of dudleya as threatened or endangered under the act. This bill would make it unlawful to uproot, remove, harvest, or cut dudleya, as defined, from land owned by the state or a local government or from property not their own without written permission from the landowner in their immediate possession, except as provided, and would make it unlawful to sell, offer for sale, possess with intent to sell, transport for sale, export for sale, or purchase dudleya uprooted, removed, harvested, or cut in violation of that provision.
SB 1217	Dahle R	Urban water use targets: indoor residential water use: standards: studies and investigations: reports.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was N.R. & W. on 3/5/2020)	Current law requires an urban retail water supplier to adopt one of specified methods for determining its urban water use target, including estimating the per capita daily water use using the sum of 55 gallons per capita daily for indoor residential water use and a specified water efficiency standard for landscape irrigation use. This bill would revise that method of estimating the per capita daily water use to require an urban retail water supplier to use, instead of 55 gallons per capita daily for indoor residential water use, a standard that complies with the urban retail water supplier's own criteria for indoor residential water use.
SB 1280	Monning D	Drinking water: consolidation and extension of service: at-risk water systems.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was GOV. & F. on 5/12/2020)	The California Safe Drinking Water Act authorizes the State Water Resources Control Board to order consolidation with, or extension of service from, a receiving water system if a public water system or state small water system serving a disadvantaged community consistently fails to provide an adequate supply of safe drinking water or if a disadvantaged community is substantially reliant on domestic wells that consistently fail to provide an adequate supply of safe drinking water. The act requires the state board, no later than July 1, 2020, to develop and adopt a policy that provides a process by which members of a disadvantaged community may petition the state board to consider ordering consolidation. This bill would authorize the state board to order consolidation between a receiving water system and an at-risk water system, as defined, upon receipt of a petition that substantially conforms to the above-referenced policy adopted by the state board and that is either approved by the water system's governing body or signed by at least 30% of the households served by the water system.
SB 1293	Allen D	California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank: Sea Level Rise Revolving Loan Program.	8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. RLS. on 2/21/2020)	Would create the Sea Level Rise Revolving Loan Program within the I-Bank to provide low-interest loans to local jurisdictions for the purchase of coastal properties in their jurisdictions identified as vulnerable coastal property. The bill would require the California Coastal Commission, before January 1, 2022, in consultation with the California Coastal Commission, the State Lands Commission, and any other applicable state, federal, and local entities with relevant jurisdiction and expertise, to determine criteria and guidelines for the identification of vulnerable coastal properties eligible for participation in the program. The bill would authorize specified cities and counties to apply for, and be awarded, a low-

				interest loan under the program if the city or county develops and submits to the bank a vulnerable coastal property plan.	
SB 1296	Durazo D	Natural resources: the Nature and Parks Career Pathway and Community Resiliency Act of 2020.	6/19/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(8). (Last location was S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 6/9/2020)	Current law establishes various environmental and economic policies and programs. This bill, upon appropriation by the Legislature, would establish the Nature and Parks Career Pathway and Community Resiliency Act of 2020, which would require state conservancies and the Wildlife Conservation Board to establish independent grant programs to fund climate mitigation, adaptation, or resilience, natural disaster, and other climate emergency projects, as specified.	
SB 1297	Moorlach R	Public employees' retirement.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was L., P.E. & R. on 3/5/2020)	Would revise the provision of pension and other benefits to members of all state or local public retirement systems. The bill would apply its provisions prospectively to any member of a state or local public retirement system who is employed upon the date of its enactment and to any person who may be employed and become a member thereafter. The bill would void any limit on a pension that prohibits the pension from exceeding a percentage of final compensation, as specified. The bill would prohibit a local entity from establishing a deferred retirement option program, as described, and if a local entity has established a deferred retirement option program, whether or not the program is closed to new participants, it would be required to disenroll any participating employees and close the program.	
SB 1329	Wilk R	Climate change: Climate Innovation Grant Program: voluntary tax contributions.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was N.R. & W. on 5/12/2020)	Would establish the Climate Innovation Grant Program, to be administered by the Strategic Growth Council or another entity identified by the council that it determines to have the appropriate skills necessary to successfully implement this program. The bill would establish the Climate Innovation Fund, a special fund, in the State Treasury and would continuously appropriate the moneys in the fund to the council for purposes of the program. Once the Climate Innovation Fund accrues \$2,000,000, the bill would require the council or the entity implementing the program to notify the Franchise Tax Board and would require the program to award grants for the development and research of new innovations and technologies that either reduce emissions of greenhouse gases or address impacts caused by climate change.	
SB 1348	Stern D	Fire prevention: vegetation management: public education: grants: defensible space: fire hazard severity zones: forest management.	8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was A. THIRD READING on 8/25/2020)	Would require the Director of Forestry and Fire Protection to identify areas of the state as moderate and high fire hazard severity zones and would require a local agency to make this information available for public review and comment, as provided. By expanding the responsibility of a local agency, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.	
SB 1356	Borgeas R	Groundwater sustainability agency: financial authority.	8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. RLS. on 2/21/2020)	The Sustainable Groundwater Management Act authorizes a groundwater sustainability agency to impose fees to fund the costs of a groundwater sustainability program and requires a groundwater sustainability agency to hold at least one public meeting prior to imposing or increasing a fee. The act requires that a groundwater sustainability agency make the data upon which the proposed fee is based publicly available at least 10 days prior to the meeting. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to the provisions authorizing groundwater sustainability agencies to impose fees.	

SB 1372	Monning D	Wildlife corridors and connectivity: Wildlife and Biodiversity Protection and Movement Act of 2020.	5/29/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(5). (Last location was TRANS. on 5/12/2020)	Current law requires the Department of Fish and Wildlife, contingent upon funding being provided by the Wildlife Conservation Board or from other appropriate bond funds, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to investigate, study, and identify those areas in the state that are most essential as wildlife corridors and habitat linkages, as well as the impacts to those wildlife corridors from climate change, and requires the department to prioritize vegetative data development in these areas. This bill would additionally require the department to investigate, study, and identify impacts to those wildlife corridors from state infrastructure projects, including transportation and water projects, large-scale development projects not covered by an existing natural community conservation plan or habitat conservation plan, and planned or potential land conversions.	
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Total Measures: 55

Total Tracking Forms: 55