

TABLE 2: NON-RESIDENTIAL WATER USE FACTORS

Group I 0.00007 AF/SF

Users in this category are low water uses where water is primarily used for employee hygiene and minimal janitorial uses. Examples are offices, warehouses, and low water use retail businesses.

Group II 0.0002 AF/SF

Users in this category prepare and/or sell food/beverages that are primarily provided to customers in/on disposable tableware. Food with high moisture content and liquid food may be served on reusable tableware. Glassware may be used to serve beverages. Users in this category are not full-service restaurants.

Group III

Assisted Living (more than 6 beds) ²	0.085 AF/Bed
Bar (limited food/not a full-service restaurant)	0.0002 AF/SF ¹
Beauty Shop/Dog Grooming	0.0567 AF/Station
Child/Dependent Adult Day Care	0.0072 AF/Person
Dormitory ³	0.040 AF/Room
Laundromat	0.2 AF/Machine
Motel/Hotel/Bed & Breakfast	0.1 AF/Room
w/Large Bathtub (Add to room factor)	0.03 AF/Tub
w/Each additional Showerhead beyond one (Add to room factor)	0.02 AF/Showerhead
Nail Salon	0.00007 AF/SF
Irrigated Areas/Landscaping	ETWU (See Rule 142.1)
Plant Nursery	0.00009 AF/SF Land Area
Public Toilet	0.058 AF/Toilet
Public Urinal	0.036 AF/Urinal
Zero Water Consumption Urinal	No Value
Recreational Vehicle Water Hookup	0.1 AF
Restaurant - Full Service (including associated Bar Seats)	0.02 AF/Interior Restaurant Seat
Exterior Restaurant Seats above the "Standard Exterior Seat Allowance" ⁴	0.01 AF/Exterior Restaurant Seat
Exterior Restaurant Seats within the "Standard Exterior Seat Allowance"	No Value
Restaurant (24-Hour and Fast Food)	0.038 AF/Interior Restaurant Seat
School or Church	0.00007 AF/SF
Self-Storage	0.0008 AF/Storage Unit
Skilled Nursing/Alzheimer's Care	0.12 AF/Bed
Spa	0.05 AF/Spa
Swimming Pool	0.02 AF/100 SF of Surface Area
Theater	0.0012 AF/Seat

Group IV - MODIFIED NON-RESIDENTIAL USES

Users in this category have reduced water Capacity from the types of uses listed in Groups I-V and have received a Water Use Credit for modifications (Rule 25.5-F-4-d). Please inquire for specific property information.

Group V - INDUSTRIAL USES

Users in this category use water during the production process for either creating their products or cooling equipment. Industrial water may also be used for fabricating, processing, washing, diluting, cooling, or transporting a product. Water is also used by industries producing chemical products and food products. Industrial uses also include certain hospital uses. Water Use Capacity shall be determined following review of the project's construction and business plans and estimated water use and may be considered for Rule 24 Special Circumstances.

Notes: Any Non-Residential water use which cannot be characterized by one of the use categories set forth in Table 2 shall be designated as "other" and assigned a factor which has a positive correlation to the anticipated Water use Capacity for that Site. When a Non-Residential project proposes two or more of the uses set forth in Table 2, each proposed use shall be subject to a separate calculation. When the proposed use appears to fall into more than one group or use, the higher factor shall be used.

¹ ABC Licensed Premises Diagram area shall be used for calculation of square-footage.

² Assisted living Dwelling Units shall be permitted as Residential uses per Table 1, Residential Fixture Unit Count Values.

³ Dormitory water use at educational facilities is a Residential use, although the factor is shown on Table 2.

⁴ See Rule 24-B-1 and Rule 25.5 for information about the "Standard Exterior Seat Allowance".

Table amended by Ordinance No. 125 (9/29/2006); Resolution 2008-01 (1/24/2008); Resolution 2010-15 (12/13/2010); Resolution 2013-16 (9/16/2013); Resolution 2014-04 (3/17/2014); Resolution 2014-12 (7/21/2014); Ordinance No. 164 (4/20/2015); Resolution 2016-06 (3/21/2016); Ordinance No. 176 (1/25/2017); Resolution 2017-14 (7/21/2017); Resolution 2017-16 (12/11/2017); Resolution 2018-21 (11/19/2018)

2. Exterior Non-Residential Water Demand Calculations

For all new Connections on Non-Residential and Mixed Use Sites, the Exterior Water Demand Calculation shall be the Estimated Total Water Use.

For all new Connections on Sites where rainwater storage is included as a source of water supply for an Irrigation System, the Estimated Total Water Use as determined by the Landscaping plan shall be reduced by the available Rainwater Harvesting Capacity. Sites utilizing rainwater storage as a component in an Irrigation System shall have Landscape water use restricted by a recorded covenant on the title of the property or other deed restriction enforceable by the District. The recorded covenant or deed restriction shall provide notice to each subsequent owner that failure to maintain and utilize the rainwater storage component of the Irrigation System shall constitute an Intensification of Use which may result in collection of additional Capacity Fees and debits to a Jurisdiction's Allocation or Water Entitlement and/or other enforcement actions. Any modification to the Landscaping that results in an Intensification of Use shall require a Water Permit.

3. Calculating Adjusted Water Use Capacity

Water use calculations shall be rounded to the third decimal place.

C. WATER SUPPLY COST COMPONENT

The water supply cost component used as a monetary multiplier in each Capacity Fee calculation required by this rule shall be \$10,623.20. This water supply cost component shall be adjusted on July 1st of each year beginning in July, 1985, to include the annual increase or decrease of the April Consumer Price Index (CPI), all items, for San Francisco/Oakland, as promulgated by the U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Statistics. The adjusted multiplier shall apply to each Water Permit application received on or after July 1st of each year. Table 3: Capacity Fee History shall be updated annually by Resolution of the Board to reflect the current year's Capacity Fee.