

**MONTEREY PENINSULA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT**

In the Matter of the California American )  
Water Ryan Ranch Unit, )  
Hearing on Insufficient Physical Supplies )

Hearing Date: January 21, 2009

**DECLARATION OF JOSEPH W. OLIVER**

**WATER RESOURCES MANAGER**

**MONTEREY PENINSULA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT**

**DECLARATION OF JOSEPH W. OLIVER**

I, Joseph W. Oliver, provide the following prepared declaration (Exhibit JO-1) under penalty of perjury and in relation to the Monterey Peninsula Water Management District (MPWMD or District) hearing on insufficient physical supplies to the California American Water (CAW or Cal-Am) Ryan Ranch Unit Water Distribution System (WDS). The following are true statements to the best of my knowledge and belief.

1 **Q1. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND QUALIFICATIONS.**

2  
3 1. My name is Joseph W. Oliver. My education includes a bachelor's degree in  
4 geology, and master's degree in geology, specializing in hydrogeology, from Indiana University.  
5 I am a registered Professional Geologist (No. 4604) and Certified Hydrogeologist (No. 164) in  
6 California, and a Certified Professional Hydrogeologist (No. 964) with the American Institute of  
7 Hydrology. My professional membership includes the National Ground Water Association and  
8 the California Groundwater Association. I have 30 years of professional experience in the field  
9 of ground water hydrology, working for government agencies and private industry. I have been  
10 working at the Monterey Peninsula Water Management District (MPWMD or District) for the  
11 past 23 years, where I am presently employed as the Water Resources Manager. My resume is  
12 provided as **Exhibit JO-2.**

13 2. During my employment with the MPWMD, I have been involved in analysis and  
14 development of the ground-water resources within the District, with particular emphasis on the  
15 Monterey Peninsula Water Resources System (MPWRS). The MPWRS includes the Carmel  
16 River Alluvial Aquifer and the Seaside Ground Water Basin. A map depicting areas included in  
17 the MPWRS is included as **Exhibit JO-3.** I have authored or co-authored numerous technical  
18 documents related to the ground-water resources of the District, and have served as project  
19 manager on all hydrogeologic investigations conducted for the District since 1985. My work at  
20 the MPWMD has included development and review of technical documents prepared for Water  
21 Distribution System (WDS) evaluations, and development of guidelines and procedures to  
22 evaluate the adequacy of WDS production wells.

23 3. The Ryan Ranch Unit service area is within the Laguna Seca Subarea of the  
24 Seaside Groundwater Basin. I have had personal involvement with regard to groundwater  
25 resource issues of the Ryan Ranch system since 1989.

1 **Q2. PLEASE PROVIDE A BRIEF SUMMARY OF WATER SUPPLY STUDIES AND**  
2 **DEVELOPMENT OF THE RYAN RANCH WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM.**

3  
4 4. A listing of pertinent reports and other key technical documents and actions is  
5 provided in Exhibit JO-4. The first water supply wells for the Ryan Ranch system were drilled in  
6 1978, and the first report evaluating the system's supply was conducted in February 1981 by  
7 consultant John Logan, who prepared the report for the representative of the property owner,  
8 Wallace Holm Architects, Inc. The February 1981 Logan report evaluated the system supply at 158  
9 acre-feet per year (AFY) production; 144 AFY demand, with 10% system losses, and recommended  
10 that the four system production wells be operated at a maximum 50% utilization. Subsequent to the  
11 February 1981 report, a series of reviews and supplementary reports were prepared prior to the  
12 approval of the creation of the Ryan Ranch Water Distribution System (WDS) by the MPWMD  
13 Board on December 13, 1982. This approval was set at a system capacity (production limit) of 60  
14 acre-feet per year (AFY) and an expansion capacity (connection limit) of 30 connections.  
15 MPWMD Board approval for expansion of the Ryan Ranch WDS was approved on September 24,  
16 1984, with a system capacity increase to 100.5 AFY. Beginning in June 1988, a series of three  
17 reports were prepared by the consulting firm of Staal, Gardner & Dunne, Inc. to evaluate the current  
18 well capacity of the system and compare with updated demand projections. Subsequently, on April  
19 10, 1989, the Ryan Ranch WDS permit was approved to increase in the system capacity to 175  
20 AFY, and expansion capacity to 190 connections. The Ryan Ranch WDS was approved for  
21 annexation into the CAW system on November 13, 1989 for operation as a separate unit of the  
22 CAW main system, with no changes to the system capacity or expansion capacity limits. No  
23 changes to the Ryan Ranch WDS permit have occurred since that time.

24 5. A summary of annual water production for the Ryan Ranch WDS is provided in  
25 Exhibit JO-5. This table includes reported production by each well in the system, water transferred  
26 from the CAW main system to the Ryan Ranch system, total system production (i.e., wells plus

1 transferred water), reported deliveries to customers in the system, system unaccounted-for-water  
2 (UAW) (i.e., the percentage difference between production and deliveries), reported active  
3 connections, and production and delivery per active connection. Reported total annual Ryan Ranch  
4 system production has varied from a low of 15.25 AF in Reporting Year 1991 to a high of 92.07 AF  
5 in Water Year 2002. Reported total system production in the most recent year, Water Year 2008,  
6 was 81.93 AF.

7  
8 **Q3. PROVIDE A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF WELL PRODUCTION LIMITATIONS**  
9 **WITHIN THE RYAN RANCH SERVICE AREA.**

10 6. As described above, the Ryan Ranch WDS service area is located within the  
11 Laguna Seca Subarea of the Seaside Groundwater Basin. A map showing the location of the Ryan  
12 Ranch Unit service area in the southwestern portion of the Laguna Seca Subarea is provided in  
13 Exhibit JO-6. A listing of the production wells that have been completed for system supply  
14 purposes within the Ryan Ranch Unit service area since early system development is shown in  
15 Exhibit JO-7. A map depicting the general location of Ryan Ranch Unit production wells is shown  
16 in Exhibit JO-8. It is notable that, with two exceptions (Well #3 and Well #6), the production wells  
17 are located along the northern boundary of the Ryan Ranch service area. This is a deliberate  
18 occurrence that is due to the hydrogeologic conditions beneath the service area. Much of the  
19 Laguna Seca Subarea encompasses a northwest-trending syncline -- a fold in rocks in which the  
20 strata dip inwards from both sides towards the axis. The Ryan Ranch area is located along the  
21 southwestern flank of this syncline. The best hydrogeologic location for placing wells is near the  
22 axis of the syncline, where depth, thickness and saturation are likely to be the greatest. Within the  
23 Ryan Ranch service area, the best well locations are all along the service area's northern boundary,  
24 closest to the axis of the syncline, which is located to the north of this boundary. There are two  
25 principal aquifer units in the Laguna Seca Subarea -- the upper unit is the Paso Robles Formation  
26 and the lower unit is the Santa Margarita Sandstone. Even at these northerly well locations within

1 the Ryan Ranch service area, however, there is little to no saturation within the Paso Robles  
2 Formation and limited saturated thickness in the Santa Margarita Sandstone, relative to other  
3 locations within the Laguna Seca Subarea that are closer to the synclinal axis. This intrinsic  
4 hydrogeologic limitation has constrained the options for locating production wells in the Ryan  
5 Ranch service area.

6  
7 **Q4. DISCUSS PREVIOUS RYAN RANCH PRODUCTION WELL CAPACITIES.**

8 7. A listing of production well capacity data that have been compiled, evaluated and  
9 reported in technical documents since early development of the Ryan Ranch water supply system is  
10 provided in Exhibit JO-9. As reported in February 1981, the system supply consisted of four wells  
11 with a combined production capacity of 234 gallons per minute (GPM). The reported system  
12 production capacity declined between 1981 and 1988, but increased to 300 GPM as reported in  
13 February 1989, with the replacement of one well and the completion of one new well, for a total of  
14 five active wells in the system. Reported total production capacity has declined since 1989, and the  
15 most recent (2008) production capacity is 122 GPM, based on three wells (two active wells and one  
16 standby well).

17 8. Exhibit JO-10 provides CAW correspondence to the MPWMD and to Ryan Ranch  
18 customers regarding production problems the company has had with its Ryan Ranch wells.

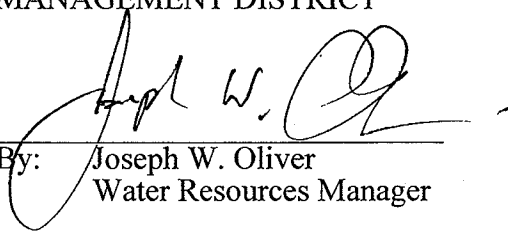
19  
20 **Q5. PROVIDE AN UNDERSTANDING OF THE CURRENT RYAN RANCH SYSTEM**  
21 **PRODUCTION CAPACITY, AS RELATED TO EXISTING AND PERMITTED DEMAND.**

22 9. A memorandum describing my evaluation of the Ryan Ranch Unit well production  
23 capacity compared with existing and permitted system demand is shown in Exhibit JO-11.  
24 Briefly summarized, there are three cases by which to consider the Ryan Ranch well capacity:  
25 122 GPM, 101 GPM and 67 GPM. For the 122 GPM capacity, the least conservative case  
26

1 evaluated (i.e., with both primary wells and standby well in service), current well production  
2 capacity is sufficient to meet existing Average Day Demand (ADD), existing Maximum Day  
3 Demand (MDD), and permitted ADD, but not sufficient to meet permitted MDD. For the 101  
4 GPM capacity, the middle case evaluated (i.e., with both primary wells and without the standby  
5 well), current well production capacity is sufficient to meet existing ADD, but not sufficient to  
6 meet existing MDD, permitted ADD or permitted MDD. For the 67 GPM capacity, the most  
7 conservative case evaluated (i.e., with the largest producing well out of service), current well  
8 production capacity is sufficient to meet existing ADD, but not sufficient to meet existing MDD,  
9 permitted ADD or permitted MDD. Based on this analysis, it is my recommendation that the  
10 Ryan Ranch WDS production capacity be considered at the middle case – 101 GPM production  
11 capacity. This case is reasonable given the most recent operating condition of the Ryan Ranch  
12 system in WY 2008. This production capacity corresponds to an annual production volume of  
13 72 AFY, based on a MDD to ADD peaking factor of 2.25. The derivation of this daily peaking  
14 factor is described in Exhibit JO-11.

15  
16 Executed on January 20, 2009, at Monterey, California.

17  
18 MONTEREY PENINSULA WATER  
MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

19  
20   
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