#### **EXHIBIT 11-C**

# MONTEREY PENINSULA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

5 HARRIS COURT, BLDG, G POST OFFICE BOX 85 MONTEREY, CA 93942-0085 • (831) 658-5601 FAX (831) 644-9560 • http://www.mpwmd.dst.ca.us

# NOTICE OF INTENT TO ADOPT A NEGATIVE DECLARATION AND

### PROPOSED NEGATIVE DECLARATION For MPWMD Board review on December 12, 2005

- **1. PROJECT TITLE**: Characterizing Dormitory Water Use As Residential Water Use Under Rule 24 of the MPWMD Rules & Regulations.
- 2. **DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION OF PROJECT:** Dormitory water use is calculated using a commercial water use factor under Rule 24 of the MPWMD Rules & Regulations. Presently the water consumption factor for dormitory water use is set forth in Table II of Rule 24, which is labeled "Commercial Water Use Factors". The nature of water consumption for dormitory use, however, closely resembles residential water use. The Monterey Peninsula Water Management District (MPWMD) assigns a fixture unit value to water fixtures used in residential uses and equates each "fixture unit" to 0.01 acre-feet of water. MPWMD uses water factors based on regional averages for nonresidential uses to predict water use capacity. Dormitory water use has had been assigned a Table II use factor as dormitories typically share multiple water fixtures in common bathrooms and laundry areas. If dormitory water use is characterized as "Commercial water use," the use may be transferred, is rationed by a percentage reduction, and is subject to nonresidential use restrictions and conditions. If dormitory water use is, instead, characterized as consumption for a domestic use, it would be treated as residential water use and not be available for transfer. Residential use, however, may utilize water entitlements, is rationed on a "per capita" basis, and is subject to residential use restrictions and conditions.

A single characterization of dormitory water as either commercial or residential should apply consistently throughout the boundaries of the Monterey Peninsula Water Management District (MPWMD), including the cities of Carmel-by-the-Sea, Del Rey Oaks, Monterey, Pacific Grove, Sand City, Seaside, portions of Monterey County (primarily Carmel Valley, Pebble Beach Carmel Highlands and the Highway 68 corridor), and the Monterey Peninsula Airport District.

If this project is approved, the District shall characterize dormitory water use as residential water use despite use of the water use factor for that type of use as set forth in Table II of Rule 24.

**3. REVIEW PERIOD**: The Review Period is November 18, 2005 through December 9, 2005. CEQA allows a 20-day comment period for issues of local importance.

- **4. PUBLIC MEETINGS**: This item will be considered at the MPWMD Board meeting of December 12, 2005 during a public hearing at 7:00 PM at the Monterey Regional Water Pollution Control Agency (conference room), 5 Harris Court, Bldg. D, Monterey, California.
- **5. LOCATION OF DOCUMENTS**: The District's Rules and Regulations, including commercial water factors and residential fixture unit values may be reviewed at the MPWMD offices at 5 Harris Court, Building G, Monterey, California.
- 6. PROPOSED FINDING SUPPORTING NEGATIVE DECLARATION: Based on the Initial Study and the analysis, documents and record supporting the Initial Study, the Monterey Peninsula Water Management District Board of Directors finds that characterizing dormitory water use as residential water use as compared to commercial water use does not have a significant effect on the environment.

#### PROPOSED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Based on the finding that characterizing dormitory water use as residential water use as compared to commercial water use under Rule 24 of the MPWMD Rules & Regulations has no significant effect on the environment, the Monterey Peninsula Water Management District makes this Negative Declaration under the California Environmental Quality Act.

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#### CEQA GUIDELINES APPENDIX G MPWMD ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

1. Project Title: Characterizing Dormitory Water Use as Residential

Water Use Under Rule 24 of the MPWMD Rules &

Regulations.

2. Lead Agency Name and Address: Monterey Peninsula Water Management District, PO

Box 85, Monterey, CA 93942-0085 [Street address:

5 Harris Court, Bldg. G, Monterey, CA 93940]

3. Contact Person and Phone: Stephanie Pintar, 831/658-5630

4. Project Location: Monterey Peninsula Water Management District

5. Project Sponsor's Name/Address: MPWMD, see #2 above

6. General Plan Designation: Varies throughout District

7. **Zoning:** Varies throughout District

1. Description of Project: Dormitory water use is calculated using a commercial water use factor under Rule 24 of the MPWMD Rules & Regulations. Presently the water consumption factor for dormitory water use is set forth in Table II of Rule 24, which is labeled "Commercial Water Use Factors". The nature of water consumption for dormitory use, however, closely resembles residential water use. The Monterey Peninsula Water Management District (MPWMD) assigns a fixture unit value to water fixtures used in residential uses and equates each "fixture unit" to 0.01 acre-feet of water. MPWMD uses water factors based on regional averages for nonresidential uses to predict water use capacity. Dormitory water use has had been assigned a Table II use factor as dormitories typically share multiple water fixtures in common bathrooms and laundry areas. If dormitory water use is characterized as "Commercial water use," the use may be transferred, is rationed by a percentage reduction, and is subject to nonresidential use restrictions and conditions. If dormitory water use is, instead, characterized as consumption for a domestic use, it would be treated as residential water use and not be available for transfer. Residential use, however, may utilize water entitlements, is rationed on a "per capita" basis, and is subject to residential use restrictions and conditions.

A single characterization of dormitory water as either commercial or residential should apply consistently throughout the boundaries of the Monterey Peninsula Water Management District (MPWMD), including the cities of Carmel-by-the-Sea, Del Rey Oaks, Monterey, Pacific Grove, Sand City, Seaside, portions of Monterey County (primarily Carmel Valley, Pebble Beach Carmel Highlands and the Highway 68 corridor), and the Monterey Peninsula Airport District.

If this project is approved, the District shall characterize dormitory water use as residential water use despite use of the water use factor for that type of use as set forth in Table II of Rule 24.

9. Surrounding Land Uses and Setting: Land uses within the District range from urban and suburban residential and commercial areas to open space/wilderness. The District encompasses the cities of Carmel-by-the-Sea, Del Rey Oaks, Monterey, Pacific Grove, Sand City, Seaside, portions of

Monterey County (primarily Carmel Valley, Pebble Beach and the Highway 68 corridor), and the Monterey Peninsula Airport District (<u>Attachment 1</u>). Each of these jurisdictions regulates land uses within its boundaries. The District does not regulate land uses.

The Monterey Peninsula is dependent on local sources of water supply, which (directly or indirectly) are dependent on local rainfall and runoff. The primary sources of supply include surface and groundwater in the Carmel River basin, and groundwater in the Seaside Basin (Attachment 2).

Vegetation communities on the Monterey Peninsula include marine, estuarine, and riverine habitats; fresh emergent and saline emergent (coastal salt marsh) wetland communities; riparian communities, particularly along the Carmel River; a wetland community at the Carmel River lagoon; and upland vegetation communities such as coastal scrub, mixed chaparral, mixed hardwood forest, valley oak woodland, and annual grassland. These communities provide habitat for a diverse group of wildlife. The Carmel River supports various fish resources, including federally threatened steelhead fish and California red-legged frog.

10: Other public agencies whose approval is required: None

ENV	IRONMENTAL FACTO	RS	POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:		
			ow would be potentially affected by this pro Impact" as indicated by the checklist on th		
	Aesthetics		Hazards and Hazardous Materials		Public Services
	Agricultural Resources	. 🗆	Hydrology and Water Quality		Recreation
	Air Quality		Land Use and Planning	<u> </u>	Transportation/Traffic
	Biological Resources		Mineral Resources		Utilities & Service Systems
	Cultural Resources		Noise	•	
	Geology/Soils		Population and Housing		Mandatory Findings of
				. 3	Significance
DETI	ERMINATION (To be comp	-1242	Shorth, Tord Assessed		
Ιf		ct C	OULD NOT have a significant effect on	the	environment,
en me	vironment, there WILL NOT	be che	project COULD have a significant effect a significant effect in this case becaused sheet have been added to the project. the prepared.	e the	e mitigation

I find that the proposed project MAY have a ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is requ	a significant effect on the environment, and an uired.	
at least one effect 1) has been adequately an applicable legal standards, and 2) has been a earlier analysis as described on attached she	addressed by mitigation measures based on the eets, if the effect is a "potentially significant mitigated." An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT	
I find that although the proposed project conenvironment, there WILL NOT be a significate significant effects:	•	
<ol> <li>have been analyzed adequately in an earling pursuant to applicable standards; and</li> <li>have been avoided or mitigated pursuant DECLARATION, including revisions or mit proposed project.</li> </ol>		. "
The earlier EIR adequately analyzes the projection of NEGENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT or NEG		
ignature:	Date:	
rinted Name: David A. Berger	12/22/05 Title: MPWMD General Manager	

#### **EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:**

- 1. A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2. All answers must take account of the entire action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3. Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4. "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less-than-significant level (mitigation measures from Section XVIII, EARLIER ANALYSES, may be cross-referenced).
- 5. The explanation of each issue should identify:
  - a. The significance threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
  - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant
- 6. Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or Negative Declaration [Section 15063(c)(3)(D)]. In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
  - a. Earlier Analysis used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
  - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analyses.
  - c. **Mitigation Measures**. For effects that are "less Than Significant with Mitigation Measures Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 7. Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated. A source list should be attached, and other sources used, or individuals contacted, should be cited in the discussion.
- 8. This checklist has been adapted from the form in Appendix G of the State CEQA Guidelines, as amended effective October 26, 1998 (from website).
- 9. Information sources cited in the checklist and the references used in support of this evaluation are listed in attachments to this document.

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	ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES (See attachments for discussion and information sources)	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	I. AESTHETICS. Would the project:				
a)	Affect a scenic vista or scenic highway?				
b)	Have a demonstrable negative aesthetic effect?		D .		
c)	Create adverse light or glare effects?		. 🗆		
	II. AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES. Would	the project	•		
a)	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of statewide Importance (Farmland), as				
	shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?	· .			
b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?			. 🗓	
c)	Involve other charges in the existing environment, which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to non-agricultural use?				
Agricu	In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environ ultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the Cali to use in assessing impacts on agricultural and farmland.				
	III. AIR QUALITY. Would the project:				
a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				
b) '	Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?	<b>D</b> .			
c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?				
d)	Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?				

(S	ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES tee attachments for discussion and information sources)	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
e) .	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?		er .		I
	here available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quali on to make the above determinations.	ty management	or air pollution c	ontrol district	may be
	IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES. Would the	project:			
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, regulations, or by the California Department of Fish & Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations, or by the California Department of Fish & Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				
d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?		<u>.</u>		
e)-	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as tree preservation policy or ordinance?		; ;		
e) ·	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?				
	V. CULTURAL RESOURCES. Would the pro-	oposal:			
a)	Cause substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in Sec. 15064.5?			Ö	

(S	ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES See attachments for discussion and information sources)	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b)	Cause substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to Sec. 15064.5?				
c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?				
d)	Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?				
	VI. GEOLOGIC AND SOILS. Would the proj	ect:			
a)	Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including risk of loss, injury or death involving:				
i)	Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquidt-Priolo Earthquake Fault zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				
ii)	Strong seismic ground shaking?				
iii)	Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?			70	
iv)	Landslides?				
b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or loss of topsoil?				
c)	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on-or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?				
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?				
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?		D <b>.</b>		

#### Less Than Potentially Significant Less Than No Significant with Significant **ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES** Impact Mitigation Impact Impact (See attachments for discussion and information sources) Incorporated HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS. Would the project: Create a significant hazard to the public or the a) environment through the routine transport, use or disposal of hazardous materials? Create a significant hazard to the public or the b) environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accidental conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment? c) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school? d) Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment? For a project located within an airport land use plan e) or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area? f) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area? Impair implementation of or physically interfere g) with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan? h) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands? HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY. Would the project: a) Violate any water quality standards or waste

**Dormitory Water Use** 

	ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES (See attachments for discussion and information sources)	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	discharge requirements?				
b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted?				
c) ·	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on-or off-site?				
d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on-or off- site?				
e)	Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?		. 🗆	. 🗆	
g).	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				
h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows?				
i)	Expose people or structures to a property to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?				
j)	Inundation by seiche, tsunami or mudflow?				

	ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES (See attachments for discussion and information sources)	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	IX. LAND USE AND PLANNING. Would the	project:	21-12-13-13-13-13-13-13-13-13-13-13-13-13-13-		
a)	Physically divide an established community?				
b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				
c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?				<b>.</b>
	X. MINERAL RESOURCES. Would the project	ect:			
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and residents of the state?				
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?	Ċ			
	XI. NOISE. Would the project result in:				
a)	Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				
b)	Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?				
c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				
d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport,			<u>.</u>	

	ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES (See attachments for discussion and information sources)	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?		•		
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
	XII. POPULATION AND HOUSING. Would to	he project:			
a)	Induce substantial growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				•
b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
c)-	Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?		. 🛘		
	XIII. PUBLIC SERVICES. Would the project res	sult in:			
a)	Substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered government facilities, the construction of which would cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service rations, response times or other performance objectives for any of the following public services:				
	i) Fire Protection?	. 🗖			
	ii) Police Protection?				
	iii) Schools?				
	iv) Parks?				
	v) Other public facilities?				
	XIV. RECREATION. Would the project:				
a) ·	Increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that	0		. 🗆	

	ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES (See attachments for discussion and information sources)	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				
b)	Include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?	· 🗆			
	XV. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC Would	the project:			
a)	Cause an increase in traffic which is substantial in relation to the existing traffic load and capacity of the street system (i.e., result in a substantial increase in either the number of vehicle trips, the volume to capacity ratio on roads, or congestion at intersections)?			· 🗖 .	
b)	Exceed, either individually or cumulatively, a level of service standard established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads and highways?	· 🗆			
c)	Result in a change to air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?	<b>-</b> *			
d)	Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?			. ·	
e)	Result in inadequate emergency access?				
f)	Result in inadequate parking capacity?				
g)	Conflict with adopted policies, plans or programs supporting alternative transportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle racks)?				
	XVI. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS. V	Vould the p	roject:		
a)	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?				
b)	Require or result in construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of				

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,	ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES (See attachments for discussion and information sources)	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
	existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?		2.0				
c)	Require or result in construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				<b>.</b>		
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?		. 0				
e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has an adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?						
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?	. 🗆					
g)	Comply with federal, state and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?						
	XVII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFIC	ANCE					
a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal, or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?						
b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects.)						

(See a	ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES  attachments for discussion and information sources)	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impac
will	oes the project have environmental effects which cause substantial adverse effects on human ags, either directly or indirectly?			Ö.	
X	VIII. EARLIER ANALYSES				
pı D	review.  Impacts adequately addressed. Identify which e within the scope of, and adequately analyzed in,	alyzed in are (3)(D)]. In  and state we  effects from an earlier a	n earlier EIR n this case a here they are the above colocument put	or Negative discussion e available thecklist we transmit to	for
- \	applicable legal standards. Also, state whether s mitigation measures based on the earlier analysi.	s.			
, c)	Mitigation measures. For effects that are checked Mitigation Incorporated," describe the mitigation refined from the earlier document and the extent conditions for the project.	n measures :	which were	incorporate	

### DISCUSSION OF CHECKLIST ITEMS:

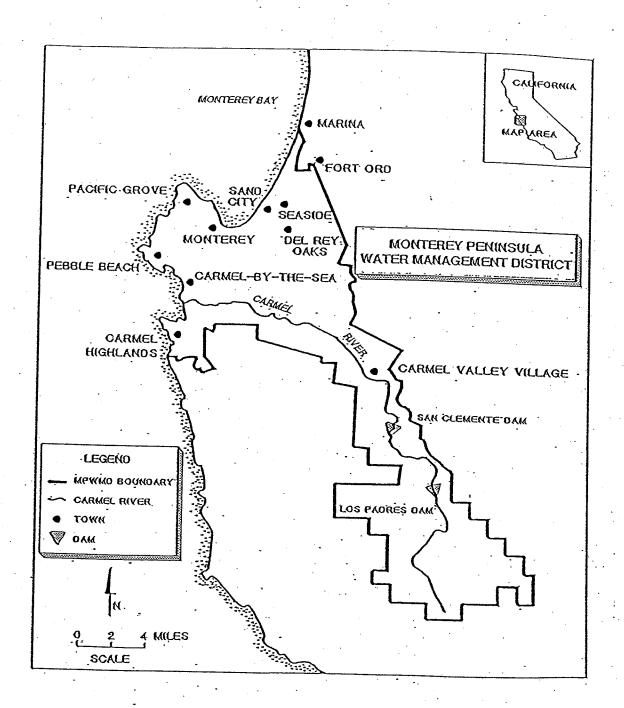
Board of Supervisors, 222 Cal. App. 3d 1337 (1990).

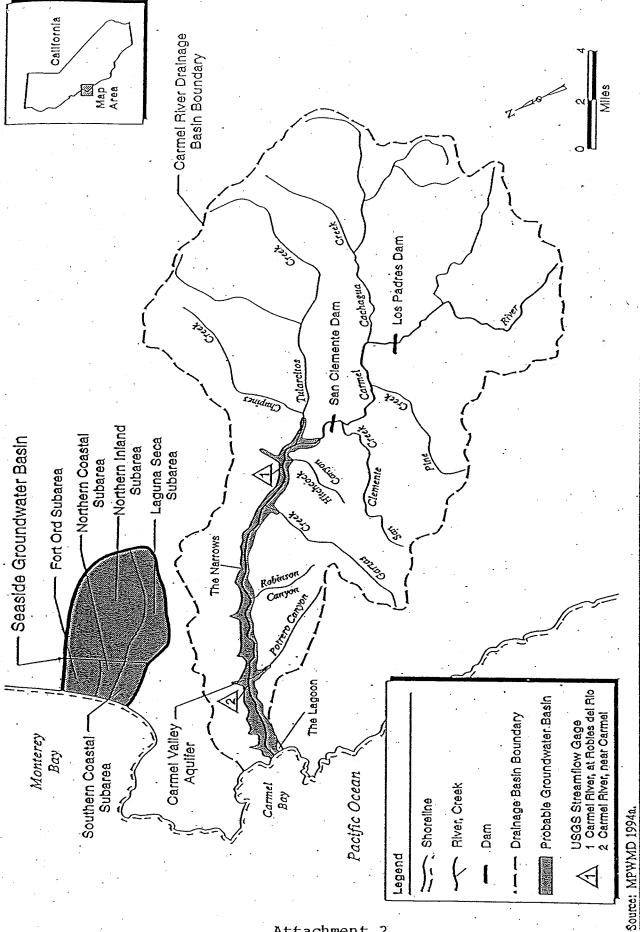
For all categories, "No Impact" was checked. An abundance of caution has been exerted and it appears that characterization of dormitory water use as residential use under Rule 24 of the MPWMD Rules & Regulations has no physical impact on the environment. The characterization of dormitory water use as "commercial" would preclude the use of water from an entitlement that is limited to residential uses. The characterization of dormitory water use as "residential" would preclude the use of transferred water and would allow for future water rationing based on the number of full-time occupants.

Based on this Initial Study, the MPWMD believes that characterizing dormitory water use as residential

water use as compared to commercial water use under Rule 24 of the MPWMD Rules & Regulations would have no actual or potential environmental impacts. Furthermore, the MPWMD determines that there is an absence of substantial evidence from which a fair argument can be made that characterization of dormitory water use as residential has measurable and meaningful actual or potential adverse environmental consequences.

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Jones & Stokes Associates, Inc.

Attachment 2